CROP HUSBANDRY AND HORTICULTURE

1. **PREAMBLE**

The examination syllabus has been structured, based on the teaching syllabus, to assess candidates'knowledge and skills in the production, processing, storage, marketing and uses of arable, plantation and horticultural crops. It will also assess the knowledge and skills of candidates in landscaping and other vocations in crop husbandry.

2. **AIMS OF THE SYLLABUS**

The syllabus is designed to provide a comprehensive assessment of candidates' knowledge and skills in relation to:

- (1) the factors that affect crop production;
- (2) the botany of various arable, plantation and horticultural crops;
- (3) the propagation and cultivation of various arable, plantation and horticultural crops;
- (4) the effective management of crop-based enterprises;
- (5) the processing, preservation, storage, transportation, marketing and use of crops;
- (6) the management of basic problems associated with crop cultivation;
- (7) landscaping, home gardening and interior decoration;
- (8) the socio-economic importance of crops.

3. **REQUIREMENTS**

- (1) Schools offering Crop Husbandry and Horticulture are expected to keep farms and compounds or attach students to established farms where a variety of arable and horticultural crops are grown and maintained.
- (2) It is recommended that schools should have laboratories, workshops, farm tools and equipment, and study materials such as specimens, chemicals and seeds.
- (3) It is also recommended that candidates keep practical notebooks, farm diaries and weed albums. These should contain records of individual activities, based on laboratory and field observations.

4. **EXAMINATION SCHEME**

There will be three papers, Papers 1, 2 and 3 all of which must be taken. Papers 1 and 2 will be a composite paper to be taken at one sitting.

- **PAPER 1:** Will consist of fifty multiple choice objective questions all of which must be answered within 1 hour for 50 marks.
- **PAPER 2:** Will consist of six essay-type questions. Candidates will be required to answer four questions within 2 hours for 80 marks.
- **PAPER 3:** Will be a practical paper for school candidates or alternative to practical test paper for private candidates. Each version will consist of four questions all of which must be answered within 2 hours for 60 marks.

5. **DETAILED SYLLABUS**

CONTENTS	NOTES
A. CULTIVATION OF FIELD CROPS 1. Factors affecting crop production.	The effects of solar radiation, temperature, rainfall,wind, edaphic, biotic, and inorganic elements on crop growth, development and yield is required.
Characteristics and importance of field crops.	Understanding of the term field crops, knowledge of their characteristics, knowledge of the common and scientific names of common field crops, and classification of field crops based on the uses and life cycles are required.
	The groups based on uses are as follows: Staple food crops 1. Cereals (maize, rice, sorghum, millet, wheat, etc.) 2. Grain legumes (cowpea, groundnut, bambara groundnut, soya bean, lima bean, pigeon pea, broad bean, jack bean, sword bean, winged bean, etc.) 3. Root and tuber crops (cassava, sweet potato, yam, cocoyam, Irish potato), and 4. Plantains.
	 Special purpose field crops 1. Fibre crops (cotton, jute, kenaf, roselle, sisal hemp) 2. Spice crops (ginger, black pepper) 3. Sugar crops (sugar cane) 4. Oil crops (sunflower) 5. Medicinal crops (moringa, aloe) 6. Aromatic crops (citronella, lemon grass) 7. Fumitories (tobacco) 8. Masticatories (tiger nut) The groups based on life cycle are Annuals, Biennials and Perennials.
3. Distribution of field crops in West Africa.	The effects of climatic, soil, socio-cultural and biological factors on the distribution of field crops is required.

(d) Uses, value chains

Knowledge of the characteristics and sources of 4. Breeding of field crops: good planting materials such as seeds and (a) Selection of good vegetative materials is required. planting material. Methods of crop improvement such as (b) Techniques for introduction, selection and hybridization and techniques for maintaining improved varieties developing and maintaining are required. improved varieties. (c) Seed production and marketing. Factors influencing seed production, methods of seed production, processing, storage and marketing, qualities of good seed, and factors affecting seed viability are required. 5. Production of cereal crops: The major types of cereal crops (maize, millet, (a) Classification, sorghum, and rice), their geographical botanical attributes distribution in West Africa, their classification and distribution of (family, genus, species and varieties), the cereal crops in morphological characteristics of the roots, leaves, West Africa. flowers and seeds, and the cross-sectional parts of seeds is required. Land preparation activities, sowing/transplanting (b) Land preparation, and cultural practices like supplying, thinning, planting, cultural weeding, irrigation, fertilizer application, pests practices. and diseases and their control will be assessed. NB: Knowledge of the life cycle of the stem borer (Busseolafusca) is required. Knowledge of signs of maturity, harvesting, (c) Harvesting, processing and processing for storage storage. and methods of storage will be assessed.

and marketing. 6. Production of leguminous crops:	The uses of cereals; and importance of value chains in the production and marketing of cereals will be assessed.
(a) Classification, botanical attributes and distribution of leguminous crops in West Africa.	The major types of leguminous crops (cowpea, groundnut and soya bean), their geographical distribution in West Africa, their classification (family, genus, species and varieties) will be assessed.
(b) Land preparation, planting and cultural practices.	Skills in land preparation, sowing/transplanting and cultural practices like seed selection and sowing, supplying, thinning, weeding, fertilizer application, pests and diseases and their control will be assessed.
	NB: Knowledge of the life cycle of the bruchid (<i>Callosobruchusmaculatus</i>) is required.
(c) Harvesting, processing and storage.	Signs of maturity, harvesting, processing for storage and methods of storage will be assessed.
(d) Uses, value chains and marketing.	The uses of legumes; and importance of value chains in the production and marketing of legumes will be assessed.
7. Production of root and tuber crops:	
(a) Introduction	Differences between root and tuber crops, their morphological and anatomical features with emphasis on the storage organs, classification (family, genus and species) varieties and cultivars of cassava and sweet potato and the different species of yams and cocoyam is

required. The species of yam to be considered are as listed below: Species of yam: Dioscorearotundata (Guinea yam) Dioscoreaalata (Water yam) Dioscoreacayenensis (Yellow yam) Dioscoreadumentorum (Bitter yam) Dioscoreaesculenta (Chinese yam/Trifoliate yam) Dioscoreabulbifera (Aerial yam) Dioscoreapraehensilis (Bush yam) **Species of cocoyam** Xanthosomasaggitifolium (Tania) Colocassiaesculenta (Taro) (b) Climatic and soil The climatic and soil requirements for growing requirements. the root and tuber crops will be assessed. (c) Land preparation, Method of land preparation i.e. slash and burn, planting and cultural mounding, ridging etc., the planting materials practices. (stem/vines, cuttings, setts, minisetts, microsetts, bulbils, suckers, tissue culture, plantlets etc.), and the techniques for producing the various planting materials for root and tuber crops are required. Recommended spacing and correct orientation of planting materials, cultural practices such as staking and training, remounding, weeding, fertilizer application, diseases and pests and their control are also required. Signs of maturity, methods of harvesting such as double and piece meal harvesting and harvesting (d) Harvesting, postprecautions, post-havest handling suc as harvest handling and uses. preservation, storage methods, processing and various uses will be assessed. 8. Production of cotton: Assessment will cover classification (from

(a) Introduction family to species), morphological features (root, leaf, stem, fruit and seed) climatic, soil requirement and distribution of cotton in West Africa. Assessment will cover methods of land (b) Land preparation, preparation and cultural practices such as sowing and cultural practices ploughing, irrigation, pests and diseases and their control. Knowledge of the life cycle of the cotton stainer(Dysdercusspp). and how it can be used to formulate control measures will be required. Harvesting and processing (c) Harvesting and activities (ginning and grading) will be assessed. processing Knowledge of the different species 9. Prodction of sugarcane: (Saccharumofficinarum, Saccharumbarberi, Saccharmsinense, Saccharumedula), their morphological (a) Introduction characteristics and botanical classification (family, genus, species) and the soil, rainfall and water requirements will be assessed. (b) Land preparation, Land preparation methods such as clearing, planting and ploughing, harrowing and ridging will be cultural practices. assessed. Propagating materials (short setts, long setts and soldier setts), planting space, and cultural practices such as weed control, earthingup, fertilizer application and the identification of the major factors that affect the quality of cane will be assessed. Knowledge of signs of maturity, optimum (c) Harvesting harvesting time, method of harvesting, frequency of harvesting (ratoon) and the various stages of sugar cane extraction will be assessed. Description of the processing stages (d) Processing and (crushing/milling, clarification, concentration, Uses crystallization and refining) and precautions to ensure maximum sugar yield during extraction are required.

Knowledge of the uses of products and byproducts of sugar are also required 10. Cultivation of fruit crops: (a) Types, characteristics Knowledge of botanical names of various types and geographical of tropical and sub-tropical fruits is required. distribution of fruit This will include citrus, pineapple, mango, crops in West Africa. banana, avocado pear, pawpaw, shea, miraculous berry, hog plum, apple, grapes etc. Assessment will also cover knowledge of the characteristics, the environmental requirements and geographical distribution of fruit crops in West Africa. (b) Land preparation and nursery Assessment will be on knowledge and practices. understanding of land preparation methods, prenursery and nursery practices such as budding, grafting, potting, soil sterilization, shading, roguing, hardening, fertilizer application, pest and disease control, irrigation etc. Cultural practices in the field such as (c) Transplanting and transplanting methods and processes e.g. lining field maintenance. and pegging, planting pattern, planting at stake and transplanting etc, and field care such as fertilizer application, mulching, weed control, pests and diseases and their control will be assessed. Signs of maturity, method of harvesting, (d) Harvesting and precautions, equipment for harvesting, postpost-harvest harvest handling e. g. sorting, grading and handling. packaging; pests and diseases and their control will be assessed. Candidates will be assessed on marketing channels, quality and safety standards. (e) Marketing The importance of value chains in the production and marketing of fruit crops will also be assessed. 11. Production of Tree The types (based on their uses), scientific names crops: and botanical characteristics is required. (a) Types, characteristics, classification and importance of tree crops. (b) Geographical The geographical distribution in West Africa and distribution, environmental requirements and adaptations

- (c) Seed dormancy
- (d) Land preparation and techniques of raising and management of tree crops.
- (e) Harvesting and post-harvest handling.

- (f) Marketing
- 12. Production of specific tree crops:
- (a) Classification, botanical attributes and distribution of specific tree crops in West Africa.
- (b) Land preparation, planting and cultural practices.
- (c) Harvesting, processing and storage.
- (d) Uses, value chains and marketing.

the adaptations of various tree crops is required.

Causes of seed dormancy and methods to break dormancy will be assessed.

Assessment will be on land preparation methods, pre-nursery and nursery practices such as budding, grafting, potting, soil sterilization, shading, weed management, mulching, shading, roguing, fertilizer application, pest and disease control, irrigation etc.

Signs of maturity, methods of harvesting, precautions, equipment for harvesting, pests and diseases and their control; Post-harvest activities such as dehusking, hulling, fermentation, canning, drying, coagulation, smoking etc. will be assessed.

Candidates will be assessed on marketing channels, quality and safety standards.

The major types of tree crops (cocoa, cashew, coconut and oil palm), their geographical distribution in West Africa, their classification (family, genus, species and varieties); morphological characteristics of the roots, leaves, flowers and seeds, and the cross-sectional parts of seeds will be assessed.

Land preparation, nursery practices, planting methods and patterns, cultural practices, pests (including the life cycle of cocoa capisds/ mirids) and diseases and their control will be assessed.

Signs of maturity, harvesting tools and steps in using the tools, harvesting, handling procedures, grading, processing of each tree crop produce into industrial products and storage method(s) will be assessed.

The uses, nutritional and economic importance, tree crop value chains and the quality and safety standards for marketing in the tree crop industry is required.

B. PRODUCTION OF

VEGETABLES

(a) Types, characteristics, nutritional and economic importance.

cycle) and their characteristics. Scientific names of vegetables including cabbage, African spinach, Indian spinach, cocoyam, lettuce, talinum, cauliflower, tomatoes, pepper, garden eggs, cucumber, water melon, okro, sweet pepper, French beans, agushi, lima bean, shallot, onion, carrot and radish will be assessed. Skills in making biological drawings of economic parts of vegetables and knowledge of the nutritional and socio-economic importance of vegetables will be assessed.

Assessment will cover knowledge of the various types of vegetable crops (based on uses and life

(b) Production systems
and cropping
patterns of
vegetable crops in
West Africa.

Features and skills required in the various types of vegetable production systems (backyard garden/home garden, market garden, truck farming, production for processing, irrigated vegetable farming, dry season farming, vegetable seed production and hydronics gardening) will be assessed.

Assessment will also be based on various cropping patterns which include crop rotation, inter-cropping, succession cropping, relay cropping and phased cropping as well as advantages and disadvantages of each pattern.

The climatic and soil factors is required.

(c) Environmental requirements.

(d) Site selection and land preparation.

Assessment will be based on the criteria for site selection for vegetable enterprise and skills for developing vegetable crop farms, land preparation methods (raised and sunken beds, ridges and flat), the merits and demerits of various land preparation methods and justification for the methods selected.

(e) Nursery and field practices.

(f) Harvesting and post-harvest handling of vegetable crops.

- (g) Quality and safety standards in vegetable production.
 - (h) Vegetable seed production and marketing.

C. <u>PRODUCTION OF</u> <u>SPECIFIC VEGETABLE</u> CROPS

(a) Classification, types, environmental requirements and land preparation methods. Reasons for and skills in undertaking nursery practices such as seed box/bed preparation including soil sterilization, drilling, pricking out, hardening off, transplanting, etc and field practices including supplying, watering/irrigation, thinning, mulching, staking, weed management, fertilizer application, pruning, pest and disease control will be assessed.

The signs of maturity, equipment used for harvesting, precautions, methods and skills used in harvesting and post-harvest handling such as trimming, washing, removal of malformed and damaged vegetables, grading etc. Knowledge preservation and processing methods such as drying, curing, milling, pasteurization, refrigeration, pickling, canning etc. will be assessed.

Assessment will be based on the procedures and skills in maintaining food quality and safety standards – external quality: shelf life, appearance -colour, shape etc, and internal quality: taste, nutritive value etc.

The various methods of extraction and storage of seeds of pulpy fruits and dry fruits; labelling, pricing etc. and marketing will be assessed.

Assessment will be on classification of tomato, cabbage, carrot, French bean, lettuce and cauliflower into family, genus, species, varieties and cultivars. Types of vegetables based on botany; (i) Leafy vegetables - cabbage and lettuce; (ii) Floral vegetables - cauliflower; (iii) Fruit vegetables - tomatoes, pepper, garden eggs, okro; (iv) Pod and seed vegetables - French beans and agushi, (melon seed) and (v) Vegetables with fleshy storage structures - onion and carrot.

The environmental requirements and land preparation methods, nursery practices (if applicable), spacing, transplanting/planting

(b) Nursery and cultural practices.

(c) Harvesting and post-harvest handling.

(d) Quality and safety standards invegetable production and roles of actors and players.

D. <u>RAISING</u>
<u>ORNAMENTAL</u>
<u>PLANTS</u>

(a) Types and functions of ornamental

plants.

(b) Propagation of ornamental plants.

methods for individual crops will be examined.

Assessment will be based on knowledge and skills in planning and carrying out all the required nursery and cultural practices such as bed preparation and soil sterilization, seed drilling, irrigation/watering, shading, mulching, and transplanting, fertilizer application etc.

Candidates will be assessed on the signs of maturity, equipment used forharvesting, precautions and skills in methods used in harvesting and post-harvest handling of each vegetable (fresh or dried). Knowledge and understanding of parameters and procedures for yield determination will also be assessed.

Assessment will be based on how quality and safety standards are to be maintained e.g. grading, packaging, transporting to local markets and factors to be considered in pricing harvested vegetable products etc.

Assessment will also be based on value chains in vegetable production, the roles of various actors/players in the supply of vegetables, description of marketing procedures of a vegetable crop in a local market and a foreign market (e.g. European market).

Knowledge of the types of ornamental plants based on their uses and growth habits i.e. Outdoor plants (grouped into bedding plants, shrub plants, climbing plants, ground cover and water plants); and Indoor plants, will be assessed. The scientific names and functions of ornamental plants will also be assessed.

Candidates will be assessed on of the methods of

(c) House plants:

(i) Types and uses

propagation by seeds and vegetative means, media and containers for propagation and also collection, purification and cleaning and maintenance of seed viability; and nursing or planting at stake.

(ii) Selecting house plants for specific

uses.

Knowledge of the types of house plants based on the morphological features and position in the house is required.

(iii) Management of house plants: Tools,Containers and Management, practices. placem

Assessment will be based the selection and placement of house plants and containers.

(iv) Marketing

The uses of tools, containers and management practices such as provision of light, air, water, fertilizer application; pruning and trimming; pest and disease control, cleaning and polishing will be required

(d) Establishment and management of lawn grasses.

Assessment will be based the factors of production, demand and supply, packaging, pricing and transport.

(e) Establishment and management of hedges.

Assessment will be based on knowledge of the characteristics and importance of lawns, planting materials, methods of propagation, common lawn grasses, site preparation and maintenance practices such as watering, weeding and spiking.

(f) Establishment and management of beds and borders.

Assessment will be based on common hedging plants and their characteristics; the importance of hedges, planting materials, methods of propagation, site preparation and maintenance practices such as watering, weeding and pruning.

Assessment will be based on knowledge of common bed and border plants, the differences between beds and borders and hedges and borders; principles underlying establishing beds and borders; Management practices including selection of appropriate plants for beds and borders, planting materials, methods of propagation, common bed and border plants and site preparation and maintenance practices such as watering, weeding and pruning.

E. LANDSCAPING

(a) Meaning and importance of landscaping.

(b) Components and principles of landscape design.

Knowledge and understanding of the concept and importance of landscaping (conservation, beautification, screening, forest reserve/green belt and wind break) are required.

The differences between the components and the roles of the components (materials) such as landform, plant materials, water, sculpture and stone work, garden boundaries and ground pattern will be assessed.

Knowledge and understanding of the principles of design (unity, scale, time, space division, texture, light and shade, tone and colour, style, line, variety, balance, repetition, balance, emphasis etc.) will be assessed.

F. VOCATIONS IN CROP **HUSBANDRY AND HORTICULTURE**

(a) Vocations and tasks in Crop Husbandry and Horticulture.

> Assessment will be based on knowledge of vocations available in Crop Husbandry and Horticulture and the tasks involved. Tasks in occupations such as Produce Marketing, Exporting, Importing, Providing Services and Supplies, etc taking into consideration the educational qualifications, training, resources etc required to perform the tasks; and the benefits derived from the jobs.

(b) Role of vocations

(c) Establishments of

Candidates will be assessed on their ability to discuss the importance of vocations to the

enterprises individual, community and nation. Candidates will be assessed on their ability to

analyze the factors, resources and procedures (development of a business plan, registration of business etc.) required to establish enterprises.

PRACTICAL SYLLABUS

CONTENTS	NOTES
Introduction to Crop Production	Ability to identify, classify and make biological diagrams of parts and sections of and of whole plants is required.
	Knowledge of use of field crops, vegetables, fruit of crops, tree crops and ornamental plant is required.
	Ability to identify farm tools and equipment, and knowledge of the uses and maintenance of general and specialized farm tools and equipment are also required.
	Ability to determine soil physical properties e.g. structure, texture: and chemical properties e.g. pH, salinity are required.
2. Nursery Practices	Ability to identify and prepare containers and media for propagation and knowledge of methods of propagation including budding and grafting are required.
	Ability to carry out seed tests such as germination, health and purity tests; undertake practices such as drilling, broadcasting,

sowing, pricking out, thinning, application of pesticides and starter solutions, hardening off and transplanting are required. 3. Field Practices Knowledge of types of seed beds; seed rate, (a) Land preparation planting materials, planting methods and and Planting cropping calendar is required. Ability to calculate and interpret data on spacing and plant density is required. Types of fertilizer and methods of application (b) Fiertilizers of organic and inorganic fertilizers e.g. granules, foliar, banding and broadcasting is required. Identification of weeds, their ecological (c) Weeds adaptations, and weed control measures e.g. cover cropping, mulching, herbicide application (types of herbicides) etc. is required. Ability to identify pests and diseases; (d) Pests and Diseases symptoms and effects of disease on host; life cycle of economic insects e.g. stem borer; Control measures for pests and diseases, including calibration of spraying equipment, types of pesticides and pesticide formulation are required. Types, uses and maintenance of irrigation (e) Irrigation equipment and parts e.g. watering can, watering hose, sprinklers, laterals and water pump is required. Signs of maturity; methods of harvesting, seed 4. Harvesting and Postextraction, processing and storage; grading of harvest Handling produce and products of arable, plantation and horticultural crops and the ability to estimate yield of crops are required. Knowledge of types and uses of farm records; 5. Record keeping and ability to take/keep records on the farm 6. Landscaping and are required. Ornamental Knowledge of various components used for Horticulture designing landscape; Identification of ornamental plants, and their uses; knowledge

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and skills in the use of tools, equipment, containers, media, etc for ornamental horticulture are required.